

Co-Fe-Gd (Cobalt-Iron-Gadolinium)

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The review of this ternary system by [1992Rag] presented an isothermal section at 1050 °C from the studies of [1990Ati]. An update by [2001Rag] reviewed the results of [1995Liu], [1995She], and [1998Su] and presented three isothermal sections at 1200, 900, and 427 °C from the computed equilibria of [1998Su]. Recently, [2009Hua] investigated the system and presented an isothermal section at 600 °C.

rhombohedral), Co_5Gd (D_{2d} , CaCu_5 -type hexagonal), Co_7Gd_2 (Co_7Er_2 -type rhombohedral), Co_3Gd (Be_3Nb -type rhombohedral), Co_2Gd ($C15$, MgCu_2 -type cubic), Co_3Gd_4 (Co_3Ho_4 -type hexagonal), $\text{Co}_7\text{Gd}_{12}$ ($\text{Co}_7\text{Ho}_{12}$ -type monoclinic), and CoGd_3 ($D0_{11}$, Fe_3C -type orthorhombic). The Fe-Gd phase diagram [Massalski2] depicts the following intermediate compounds: $\beta\text{Fe}_{17}\text{Gd}_2$ ($\text{Ni}_{17}\text{Th}_2$ -type hexagonal), $\alpha\text{Fe}_{17}\text{Gd}_2$ ($\text{Th}_2\text{Zn}_{17}$ -type rhombohedral), $\text{Fe}_{23}\text{Gd}_6$ ($D8_a$, $\text{Mn}_{23}\text{Th}_6$ -type cubic), Fe_3Gd (Be_3Nb -type rhombohedral), and Fe_2Gd ($C15$, MgCu_2 -type cubic).

Binary Systems

In the Co-Fe system [Massalski2], a continuous face-centered cubic (fcc) solid solution denoted γ forms between fcc Fe and fcc Co. The $\gamma \rightarrow \alpha$ (bcc) transformation temperature in Fe is initially raised by the addition of Co, reaching a maximum of 985 °C at 45 at.% Co. At 730 °C, the bcc phase of equiatomic composition orders to a $B2$ structure via a second-order transition. The Co-Gd phase diagram [1995Liu] depicts the following intermediate phases: $\text{Co}_{17}\text{Gd}_2$ ($\text{Ni}_{17}\text{Th}_2$ -type hexagonal or $\text{Th}_2\text{Zn}_{17}$ -type

Ternary Isothermal Section

With starting metals of at least 99.9% purity, [2009Hua] arc-melted about 25 alloys under Ar atm. The alloys were given a final anneal at 600 °C for 10 d and quenched in liquid nitrogen. The phase equilibria were studied with metallography, x-ray powder diffraction, electron probe microanalysis, and differential thermal analysis. The isothermal section at 600 °C constructed by [2009Hua] is

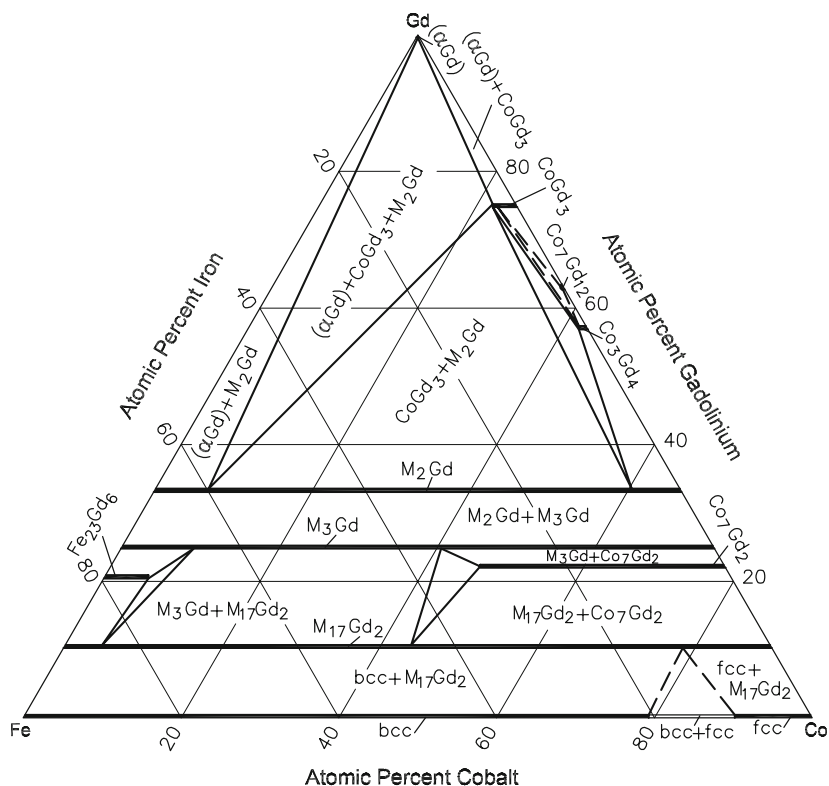


Fig. 1 Co-Fe-Gd isothermal section at 600 °C [2009Hua]

Section II: Phase Diagram Evaluations

shown in Fig. 1. The binary compound Co_5Gd was not found at 600 °C. The isostructural pairs $\text{Fe}_{17}\text{Gd}_2\text{-Co}_{17}\text{Gd}_2$ ($\text{Th}_2\text{Zn}_{17}$ -type), $\text{Fe}_3\text{Gd-Co}_3\text{Gd}$, and $\text{Fe}_2\text{Gd-Co}_2\text{Gd}$ form continuous solid solutions. These solutions are denoted M_{17}Gd_2 , M_3Gd and M_2Gd , respectively, in Fig. 1. The Co-Gd compounds Co_7Gd_2 , Co_3Gd_4 , and CoGd_3 dissolve up to 31, 1 and 3 at.% Fe, respectively. $\text{Fe}_{23}\text{Gd}_6$ dissolves up to 7 at.% Co. No ternary compounds were found.

References

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